

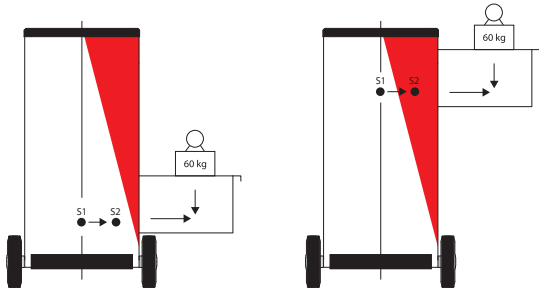
WE TAKE YOUR HEALTH SERIOUSLY.

To ensure that you use our tools safely, please make yourself familiar with the following information.*

Why should heavy tools be stored in the bottom drawer?

- › Always store the heaviest tools in the bottom (heavy duty) drawer.
- › When the bottom drawer is opened, the centre of gravity is relocated to a safe range.
- › Storing heavy tools in the upper drawers relocates the centre of gravity upwards.
- › When the drawer is opened, the centre of gravity is relocated to a critical range.
- › This makes the tool trolley very susceptible to lateral forces. If the trolley is exposed to lateral forces such as impact, it can overturn.
- › Always observe the load capacity for each drawer to ensure that you always stay in the safe range.

- › S1 = tool trolley centre of gravity when the drawer is closed
- › S2 = tool trolley centre of gravity when the drawer is opened
- › Red = critical range-danger of overturning



General

- › Always wear safety goggles for tasks involving chips or the possibility of parts splintering.
- › Only use the hand tools for their intended purpose.
- › Never modify or tamper with tools. Exceptions: Professional regrinding of chisels, scrapers, cutting tools as well as hammer edges.
- › Never work with damaged tools. Damaged tools must be replaced immediately.
- › Handles must be free of oil and grease.
- › Depending on the task, protect your hands by wearing work gloves.
- › Work on live circuits may only be performed by qualified personnel using suitable VDE tools.
- › Choose a safe surface to ensure stability. Wear safety shoes.
- › Wear the specified ear protection when working in noisy environments.

* Furthermore, the relevant safety guidelines of various institutions apply, e.g. the guidelines of the trade associations, employers' instructions and the statutory specifications of the respective country.

Tool trolley

- › Read the operating instructions.
- › Open only one drawer at a time, when more than one drawer is open it increases the chance of the trolley tipping over.
- › Always keep the heaviest tools in the lower (heavy) drawer. Storage in the top drawers increases the chance of the trolley tipping over.
- › Take note of the permissible load capacity of each drawer and the total carrying capacity of the trolley.
- › Never store pointed or sharp items loosely in the tool chest. Scribers can be made safe by sticking them in a cork.
- › Only move the trolley when all the drawers are closed and locked.
- › When the trolley is stationary always set the safety brake on the swivel castors to avoid movement.

Tool chests

- › Do not climb or step onto the tool chest.
- › Never store pointed or sharp items loosely in the tool chest. Scribers can be made safe by sticking them in a cork.
- › To avoid injury keep your back straight when attempting to lift the tool chest.

Spanners

- › Only use spanner sizes and profiles which fit the bolt or nut head.
- › Do not use spanners as levers or as striking tools.
- › Select the spanner in accordance with the screwed connection. This particularly applies to screwed connections with high torques.
- › Never extend the tool lever arm except when the tools are designed especially for this purpose, e.g. single ended ring spanners.
- › Never hit a spanner with a hammer except when the tools have an area designed especially for this purpose, e.g. slogging spanners.
- › Always apply the spanner at a right angle to the bolt axis.
- › Always pull the spanner towards you. Never push the spanner away from you. If for any reason you can only press the spanner away from you, use your open hand to prevent injuring your knuckles.
- › Ring spanners transmit the forces more consistently. Ring spanners are therefore more suitable for large torques.
- › Apply open ended spanners in such a way that the angle of the jaw is facing in the direction of rotation.
- › If a torque is required for the screwed connection, use a torque wrench.
- › Never work with damaged spanners or attempt to repair them, rather replace them.

Screwdrivers

- › Choose the screwdriver which is suitable for the respective bolt head profile.
- › Place the workpiece on a ledge or clamp it. This helps to avoid injuries incurred by sliding blades.
- › Avoid cuts by directing the requisite pressure for releasing or tightening the bolt head away from your body.
- › Wear protective gloves when working with screwdrivers.
- › If the screwdriver is too long, do not under any circumstances shorten the blade or handle. Choose a shorter screwdriver.
- › Do not use the screwdriver as a caulking or crushing tool.
- › Light hammer impact may only be applied for loosening screws using suitable screwdrivers with striking cap or continuous blade.
- › If the bolt fails to loosen, use the GEDORE impact driver set No. K 1900-013 to release the bolt without destroying it.
- › Insulated and tested screwdrivers must be used when working on electrical systems.

